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		International Blood Group Reference Laboratory
Antigen	Ankyrin	500 North Bristol Park Northway
Clone	BRIC 272	Filton Bristol
Product Code	9473	BS34 7QH Protein Development
Immunoglobulin Class	Mouse IgG1, kappa	and Production Unit Tel: +44 (0)117 921 7500
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Antigen Description and Distribution

Ankyrin is primarily expressed in red blood cells, but it is also found in muscle and brain cells¹. In erythrocytes, ankyrin-1 is located at the cell membrane, where it mediates the attachment of integral membrane proteins to the spectrin-actin based membrane cytoskeleton. Ankyrins have binding sites for the beta subunit of spectrin and at least 12 families of integral membrane proteins. This linkage is required to maintain the integrity of the plasma membranes and to anchor specific ion channels, ion exchangers and ion transporters in the plasma membrane. The binding of membrane proteins to one another maintains the stability and structure of erythrocytes but also allows for their flexibility. At least 55 mutations in the *ANK1* gene have been found to cause hereditary spherocytosis². A lack of normal ankyrin-1 at the cell membrane also leads to a lack of spectrin³. The deficiency of these two proteins interferes with the structure and flexibility of the red blood cell membrane, causing red blood cells to be misshapen. These spherocytes are removed from circulation and taken to the spleen for destruction. The shortage of red blood cells in circulation and the abundance of cells in the spleen are responsible for the signs and symptoms of hereditary spherocytosis.

Clone

BRIC 272 was made in response to a partial purified erythrocye membrane preparation. It has been used to elucidate protein distribution during human erythroblast enucleation⁴. BRIC 272 has been used to investigate the key membrane protein changes during *in vitro* erythropoesis of Protein 4.2 cells⁵.

References

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