FORM FRM790/1.1 Effective: 12/11/09

IPEx Questions



Lot Number N083 3132*	Expiry Date 2024.03.14

Patient X is a 57 year old female who has been involved in a road traffic accident, she has been transfused with four units of uncrossmatched O R1r K- red cells uneventfully via local major haemorrhage protocol when she arrives at A&E. Pre transfusion samples sent to the laboratory grouped as O D+ and her antibody screen was negative. Two further units of red cells were electronically issued and transfused once the patient was admitted to a ward and her Hb was checked. No further red cells were transfused as the patient remained stable and her Hb was 98g/L. Five days post transfusion patient X is producing dark coloured urine, her Hb has dropped to 71g/L, bilirubin has risen from 6 to 19umol/L and LDH has risen from 140 to 650IU/L.

When asked about transfusion history, patient X says she was transfused after a caesarean section 22 years ago without complication.

You are provided with pre and five day post transfusion samples from patient X and samples from the two transfused units given on the ward. Perform a serological investigation on the samples provided.

Questions:

- 1. What serological tests/checks should you routinely perform on these samples?
- 2. Would you expect the post transfusion sample DAT to be postive or negative? Explain your answer?
- 3. What antibody specificities are most commonly associated with delayed transfusion reactions?
- 4. If the patient required more blood, what blood should be selected?
- * Please note cell X post transfusion sample is labelled N083 4132 Expiry 2024.03.14

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