

Sharing Clinical Information

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Caring Expert Quality



SOP4938/5

Purpose - Define a clear communication pathway for all involved in the receipt of organs from one donor

Reduce associated risks with organ transplantation, where all previously unknown findings are immediately clinically assessed and communicated SOP4938/5 – Sharing Clinical Information
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Sharing Clinical Information

Caring Expert Quality

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Standard information sharing

- All available donor information collated into a CDDF and MaSH form
- Accessible by EOS (soon to be TransplantPath)
- Photos of reports / organs via email
- Some virology results outstanding until post donation

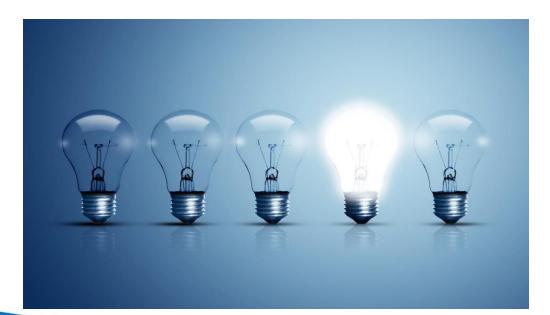


You have read the CDDF and MaSH forms You have accepted the organ (and it's risk profile)

New information comes to light



What is classed as new clinical information?





Clinical Information that DOES require further Blood and Transplant clinical 'explanation'

- New clinical information as a result of GP Assessment
- Unexpected finding at bedside patient top to toe assessment
- Additional family / friends being present
- Further volumes of medical notes being sourced
- Unexpected finding at retrieval
- Unexpected vasculature on organ retrieval with implications for an accepting centre
- Significant deterioration or improvement in organ function which may impact on organ offers including recipient centres who may have expressed an interest
- Positive Virology



Clinical Information that does NOT require further clinical explanation



UPDATED 2 HOURLY ARTERIAL BLOOD GASES WITHIN ACCEPTABLE PARAMETERS UPDATED BLOOD RESULTS WHICH ARE WITHIN NORMAL PARAMETERS AVAILABILITY OF OUTSTANDING ECHOCARDIOGRAM REPORT



When can I expect new clinical information?



Time Points

Organ acceptance but pre retrieval

During retrieval

Post retrieval but pre transplant

Post transplantation



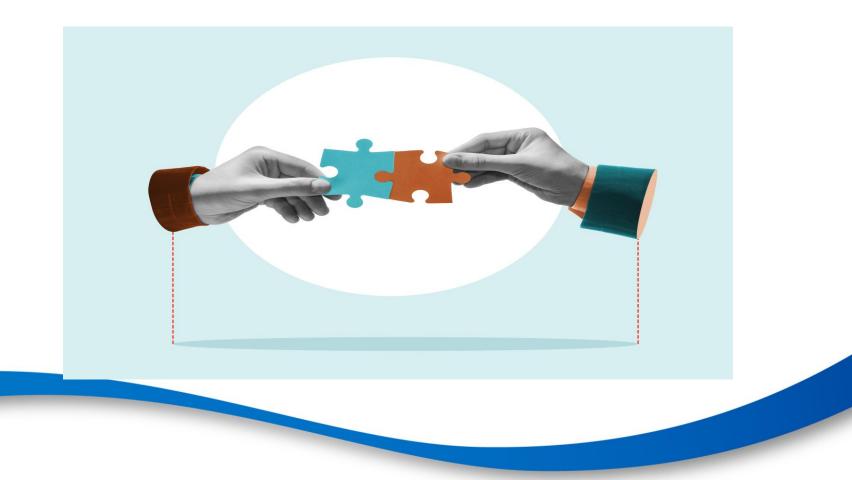
Transplant Centre Involvement

- Histopathology involvement
- Retesting of donor virology samples
- (Positive transport fluid)





Remember to think of the wider picture





Histo report

- Time critical communication
- Impact on other accepting centres
- Raise alarm with Hub at the point you decode to biopsy
- Hub will cascade an alert to all other accepting centres



- Any isolates detected in organ transport fluid must be reported by the centre to HO
- No need for SN involvement
- HO will disseminate info to other centres that transplanted/accepted organs
- Mainly from kidneys and livers (by nature of being in abdomen)
- Think about implications for wider recipients (differing ischaemic times)
- <u>https://nhsbtdbe.blob.core.windows.net/umbraco-assets-corp/25525/frm5964.docx</u>

Positive Transport Fluid



Micro results sent on email

- Taken at time of donation
- Results won't be back until after donation
- HEV, HHV-8 longer turn around time
- Results need actioning
- Best practice to cross check (even negative results)
- Sent to group email address (nhs.net or equivalent encryption)



Stop, pause, check



Time Points

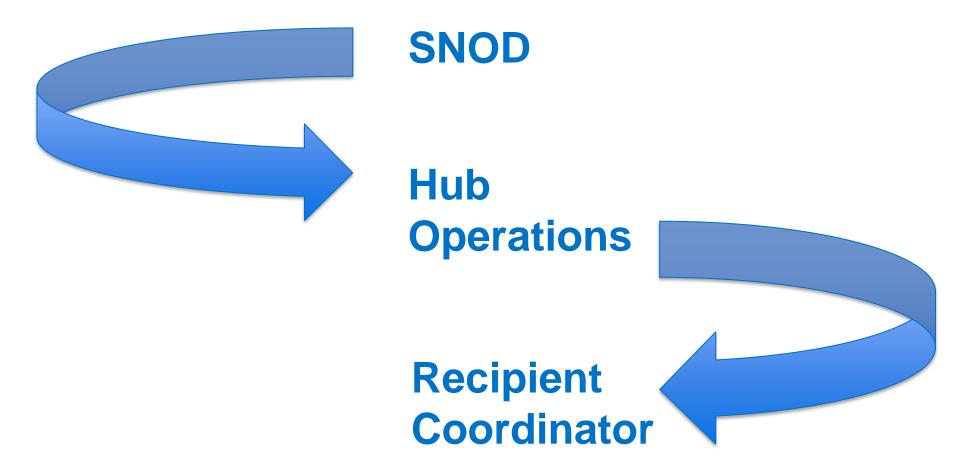
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Post retrieval but pre transplant

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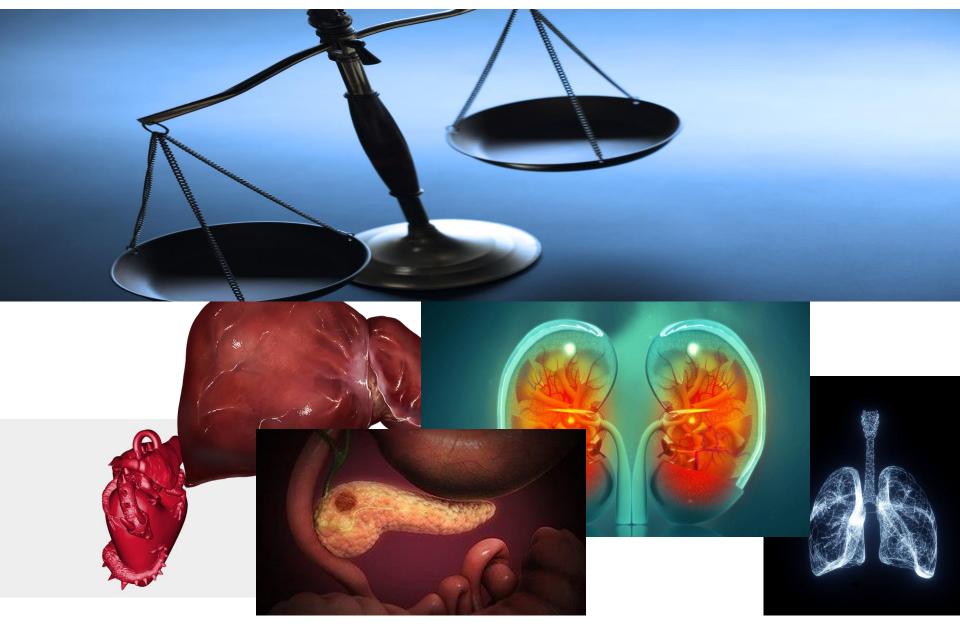






Donor XXXXX Urgent – Lesion requiring biopsy identified during retrieval. Clinical update will be provided shortly by SN. Currently sourcing histopathology.

















TransplantPath



What will change?





PHOTO UPLOAD DIRECT TO DONOR FILE

ALERTS OF NEW INFORMATION SINCE LAST VIEW