

# Business Case Summary Connectivity/DCCI Programme

June 2022

SRO:	Dan Jeffrey
Accountable Executive:	Andrew O'Connor
Business Lead:	твс
Programme Manager:	Catherine Ongers
Project Managers:	John Molloy

**Caring Expert Quality** 

### **Contents**

Section	Name
	Document Purpose and Completion Guidance
1	Introduction – Context and Request
2	Strategic Case
3	Economic Case
4	Commercial Case
5	Financial Case
6	Management Case
	Appendix/ces



# **Section 1: Introduction**

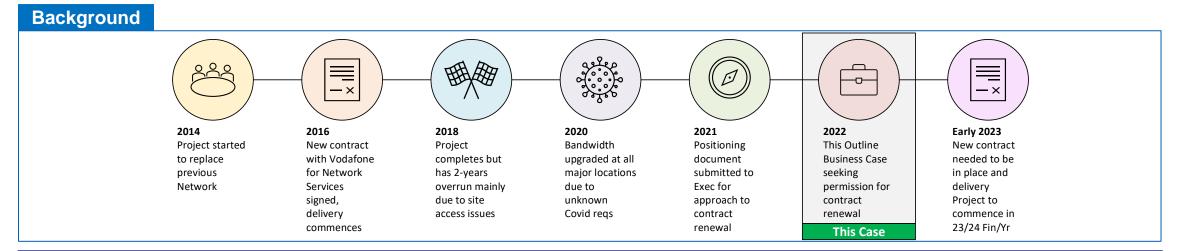
- Context
- Background
- What is requested in this Business Case



### Introduction

#### Context

- NHSBT has a contract with Vodafone for Connectivity Services which expires in February 2023
- There are 93 locations connected to the Vodafone Wide Area Network (WAN) across the UK
- These range from very small blood collection team bases through to large centers such as Filton and two co-location data centers
- This Vodafone contract includes services for the Wide and Local Area networks (WAN & LAN), Network links to Cloud providers, the Internet, Wi-Fi and associated management services



### What is requested in this Business Case?

- Approval to proceed with FBC for Option 2 (A) of this Outline Business Case to seek a new contract with Vodafone for a 5-year term
- Subject to FBC being within a 20% tolerance of OBC seek approval from the Executive for final approval without returning to the Board



# **Section 2: Strategic Case**

(What is the problem we need to solve and why is this work required?)

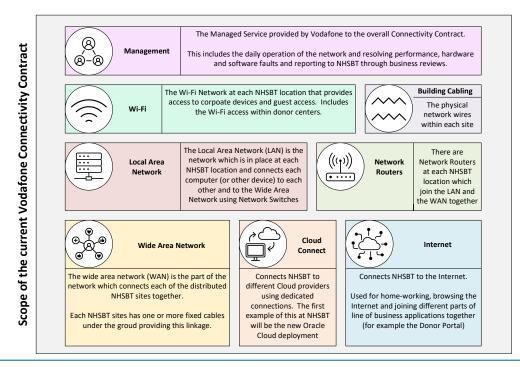
- Drivers for Change
- Objectives and Outcomes Sought
- Scope

**Caring Expert Quality** 

## **Strategic Case**

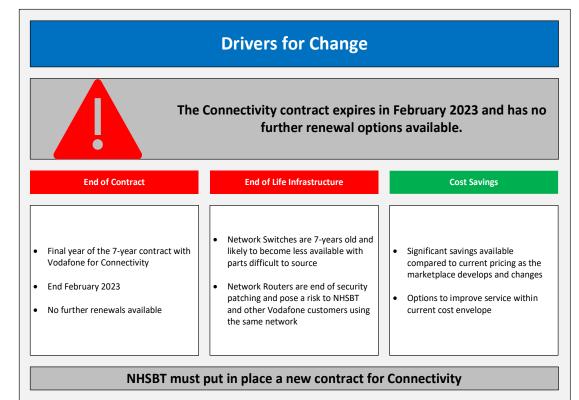
#### **Strategic Context**

- In order to support its critical business services, NHSBT requires disaster-tolerant voice and data networks. Disaster-tolerant is the characteristic attributed to a system that can withstand a catastrophic failure and still function with some degree of normality.
- The Cabinet Office, through the PSN (Public Service Network) team, currently mandates government departments and their ALBs to use PSN-compliant network and telephony components, and to procure using the PSN frameworks.
- Under the current contract most of the network equipment on our sites is owned by NHSBT and this equipment will be past end-of-life by February 2023 and will need to be replaced as part of any new contract.



### **Case for Change**

- February 2023 will be the final year of a 7-year contract with Vodafone for connectivity services
- Most of the Infrastructure will require replacement due to its age and the lack of availability of security patch sets which places NHSBT and other Vodafone customers using the same network at risk
- There are significant savings available through a new contract with Vodafone on a like for like basis and which prevents the need for significant building works to install new cables



### **Strategic Case**

#### Scope

#### In Scope **Exclusions** a. New contract with Vodafone for Connectivity Services a. Existing Wi-Fi replacement moved to 25/26 under separate Business Case All out of date network Infrastructure replaced b. Upgrades to Internet bandwidth (except for those specified in the OBC) Significant recurring cost savings provided c. Changing from existing MPLS network technology to SD-WAN C. Contingency for upgrade to bandwidth included in forecasts d. **Outcomes & Objectives Sought Known Supplier Landscape** Tried and Tested Approach Management The current supplier and level Technology is well proven at Significantly improves the of service is known to NHSBT management of the network NHSBT over many years **Earlier Risk Mitigation Compliant with Procurement** Ways of Working best Practise Supplier and project teams The elderly Infrastructure is have existing and strong New contract using standard replaced quickly OGC framework working relationships **Cost Reductions** Performant New Ideas Provides additional Contract will offer ways to Significant recurring revenue bandwidth at sites that are test new technology savings

oversubscribed today

throughout it's life



# **Section 3: Economic Case**

(What are the potential solutions? Which is preferred and why; is it best value for money?)

- Approach
- Long List Options
- Short List Options
- Preferred Option

**Caring Expert Quality** 

### **Economic Case**

#### Approach

- In developing the economic case, the author followed HMG Green Book methodology and produced 3 viable "strategic options" to deliver the solution
- A technology review was also undertaken to determine NHSBT's readiness to move from MPLS network solution to SD-WAN (See Appendix 3 for high level comparison)
- The following options were considered when developing the preferred way forward:
  - **Option 1** is the 'do minimal' case; not viable in view of the lack of a commercial option and the age of the equipment.
  - **Option 2** is the recommended option, causing least business disruption by renewing the contract and refreshing the Infrastructure. Ability to add further bandwidth with in-year funding requests as needed.
  - Option 3 provides an alternative using new technology but has much higher delivery costs and offers little benefit to NHSBT until many more applications and services have been moved to Cloud. It will be the preferred option at the next contract renewal in 2027.
  - Option 4 (discounted October 2021 by NHSBT Exec and shown for completeness) is similar to Option 3 but with a
    new supplier. It was discounted through an October submission to the Exec (See Appendix 4)

### **Economic Case – Short List Options Summary**

	Business As Usual (BAU)	Option 1 : Do Minimum Renew 'Run' contract only	Option 2: Preferred Way Forward Optimise Network	Option 3: Current Provider New Technology	Option 4: New Provider New Technology
<b>1 Scope</b> as outlined in the strategic case	<ul> <li><b>1.0 As-is</b></li> <li>There are no legal extensions available on the existing Vodafone contract. This would require a breach and ad-hoc arrangement with Vodafone</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>1.2 Minimise business disruption</li> <li>NHSBT procure the new connectivity solution under an RM3808 NSF2 direct award contract. This approach is supported by Procurement and Vodafone.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>1.4 Minimise business disruption</li> <li>NHSBT take extended period (24- months) with Vodafone to manage gradual migration to new network.</li> <li>Extensive and complex integration of networks required.</li> </ul>
<b>2 Solution</b> the 'how' in terms of delivering the scope	<ul> <li>2.0 Existing Model</li> <li>Through ad-hoc arrangements involving breach. Vodafone legal may not be willing to accept this approach to renewal.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>2.2 Managed negotiation</li> <li>Renew contract with Vodafone through direct award framework</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>2.4 Managed negotiation</li> <li>Procure through suitable competitive tender.</li> </ul>
<b>3 Delivery</b> the 'who' in terms of delivering the solution	<ul> <li><b>3.0 Existing Team</b></li> <li>DDTS SMT and Procurement.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li><b>3.2 Programme team</b></li> <li>Dedicated Project Team from within NHSBT using local CSA resources. Well practised replacement.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li><b>3.3 Programme Team</b></li> <li>New Technology will bring extensive changes to Operating model.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li><b>3.3 Programme Team</b></li> <li>New Technology will bring extensive changes to Operating model.</li> <li>Combination of Vodafone and potential new Network service provider</li> </ul>
4 Implementation the 'when' in terms of delivering the solution	<ul> <li>4.0 Contract end</li> <li>Vodafone unlikely to accept due to age of our Network Infrastructure and risk this would create to other VF customers.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>4.2 Contract end</li> <li>New Contact in place by February 2023</li> </ul>	<ul> <li><b>4.3 Contract end</b></li> <li>Extensive migration needing multiple contracts to be in place for at least 24-month migration period</li> </ul>	
<b>5 Funding</b> the funding required to deliver the above dimensions	<ul> <li>5.0 Current Budget</li> <li>Funded from current Business as Usual.</li> <li>Current baseline costs are £2,173,758 per annum</li> </ul>	5.1 Current Budget <ul> <li>Recurring costs £1,539,317 (£634k savings)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>5.2 Existing NHSBT Budget</li> <li>Recurring costs £1,539,317 (£634k savings)</li> <li>Infrastructure replaced through Capital Investment Project. (£2,267,404) including 11% optimism bias</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>5.3 Additional transformation budget</li> <li>Recurring costs £2,527,578 (£345k higher than baseline costs)</li> <li>One off costs for infrastructure replacement is £6,846,363 including 30% optimum bias</li> </ul>	



# **Section 4: Commercial Case**

(Is the Commercial Model viable?)

- Commercial Overview
- Commercial Agreements



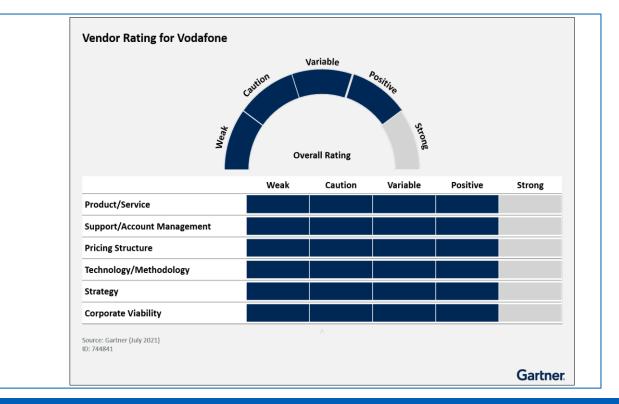
### **Commercial Case - Overview**

#### Introduction

- NHSBT will manage the delivery of the Programme, we will:
  - · Work with Vodafone to change the end-of-life Infrastructure.
  - Prioritise a small team of NHSBT staff who have 'done this before' (Technical and Programme).
  - The framework we intend to use (Network Services 2 (NSF2) allows NHSBT to meet the needs of Public Sector Contracting Authorities but make a direct award
  - Despite the current market costs increasing, Cisco increasing their costs by 17%, in line with inflation, and the changing exchange rate, NHSBT has secured a 29.19% cost reduction in the WAN run costs.

### Approach

Commonola	<b>Network Services 2</b> Itions services including networks for the entire public sector, their red bodies and agencies, the voluntary sector and charities.
This framework a range of services; including - voice and data provision internet access WiFi radio security and surveillance audio and video conferencing equipment maintenance and support services	<ul> <li>Why Direct Award -</li> <li>Save NHSBT time, effort, internal resources and therefore money by not having to go through a full RFI, RFP tender cycle. £1m was returned to Transformation funding in 2022/23 opposed to starting this process.</li> <li>NHSBT benefit commercially as the existing circuits are already in the ground so few circuit installs are required at the majority sites.</li> <li>NHSBT benefit from a resource perspective as there will be no WAN migration period required.</li> <li>This approach will minimise the impact of wayleave issues which can add significant delays to WAN installations.</li> <li>This approach will minimise the impact of excess construction charges as the majority of the WAN network to existing locations is in place.</li> <li>Still provides savings in the region of 20% against current recurring charges.</li> </ul>





# **Section 5: Financial Case**

(Is the Preferred Option affordable?)

- Funding Request
- Financial Model



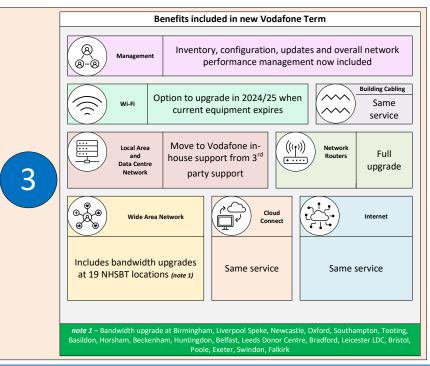
## **Financial Case – Recurring Costs**

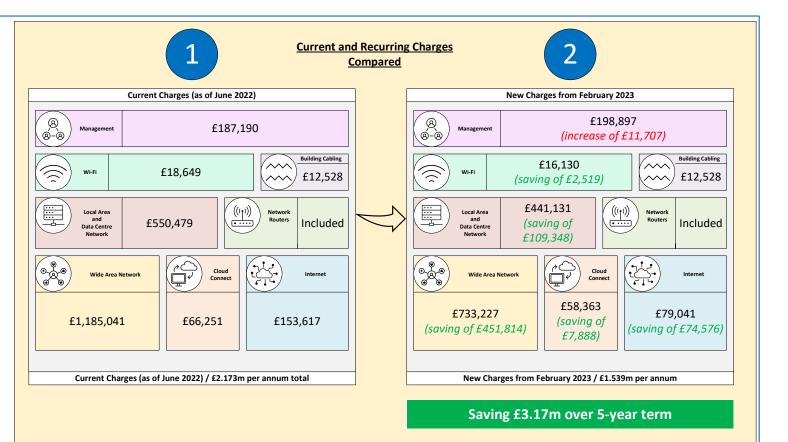
#### What is the funding being requested for the next stage?

- Approval to proceed to FBC for Option 2 (A) of this Outline Business Case to seek a new contract with Vodafone for a 5-year term.
- Subject to FBC being within a 20% tolerance of OBC seek approval to proceed from the Programme Board and Executive Team without returning NHSBT Board.

### **Funding the Preferred Option**

- Recurring charges for Connectivity services will be £9.1m inclusive of VAT for the 5-year term.
- This represents savings of £634k per annum over the 5-year duration of the contract compared to existing baseline costs.





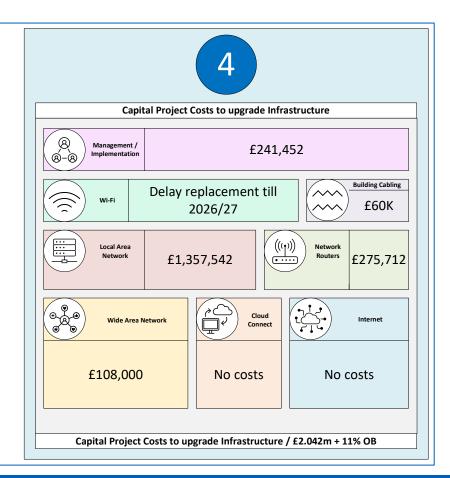
## **Financial Case – One Off Project Delivery Costs**

#### What is the funding being requested for the next stage?

- Approval to proceed to FBC for Option 2 (A) of this Outline Business Case to seek a new contract with Vodafone for a 5-year term.
- Subject to FBC being within a 20% tolerance of OBC seek approval to proceed from the Programme Board and Executive Team without returning to NHSBT Board.

### **Funding the Preferred Option**

- £2m has been allocated within the Transformation budget, over the next 3 years, to support the one-off project implementation costs.
- Project costs are £2.042m inclusive of VAT within the 2022/23 and 2023/24 Financial Year. An
  additional 11% optimism bias is excluded from this total. This is included within DDTS forecasts.
- The majority of NHSBT location have legacy and out of support network equipment. This investment
  refreshes all of this equipment at 88 locations with new Cisco equipment. And means that all local and
  wide area network equipment at NHSBT locations will be fully supported through until the end of this
  contract.
- Significant effort has been placed on avoiding high price increases in network equipment due to the worldwide semi-conductor shortages.
- This includes all Vodafone Project management costs but assumes that NHSBT resources would be made available from internal resource pools.
- Upgrade to bandwidth and respective costs for building works to upgrade these circuits are included with the following sites being included within scope for upgrade Basildon, Beckenham, Belfast, Birmingham, Bradford, Bristol, Exeter, Falkirk, Horsham, Hull, Huntingdon, Leeds Donor Centre, Leicester LDC, Liverpool Speke, Newcastle, Oxford, Poole, Southampton, Swindon, Tooting.



**Blood and Transplant** 

# Financial Case – Budget & Funding Model

Phase	Cost Type	Internal Budget / External Funding Stream	Yr1	Yr2	Yr3	Yr4	Yr5	Total
(	Sunk Costs		£0	£0	£0	£0	£0	£0
losure	Sunk Costs	None	£0	£0	£0	£0	£0	£0
Project Delivery (Initiation to Closure)	Cost for the Next Phase (OBC – FBC)		£0	£0	£0	£0	£0	£0
tiation	Recurring	None	£0	£0	£0	£0	£0	£0
y (Ini	Non-recurring	None	£0	£0	£0	£0	£0	£0
eliver	Capital (external funding)	None	£0	£0	£0	£0	£0	£0
ject D	Cost for Delivery (FBC to Close)	£3,806,723	£0	£0	£0	£0	£3,806,723	
	Recurring	Internal	£1,539,319	£0	£0	£0	£0	£0
Programme /	Non-recurring	None	£0	£0	£0	£0	£0	£0
rogra	Capital (external funding) (incl. Optimum Bias)	Internal	£2,267,404	£0	£0	£0	£0	£0
<u> </u>	Programme / Project Total		£3,806,723	£0	£0	£0	£0	£3,806,723
ts e)	Recurring	Internal	£0	£1,539,319	£1,539,319	£1,539,319	£1,539,319	£6,157,276
e Cos	Non-recurring	None	£0	£0	£0	£0	£0	£0
Service Costs (Post-Closure)	Capital (external funding)	Internal	£0	£0	£0	£0	£0	£0
	Service Cost Total		£0	£1,539,319	£1,539,319	£1,539,319	£1,539,319	£6,157,276
TOTAL CO	OST of OWNERSHIP (TCO)		£3,806,723	£1,539,319	£1,539,319	£1,539,319	£1,539,319	£9,963,999

• Based on the new recurring cost profile, NHSBT will have £634,439 savings per year.



# **Section 6: Management Case**

### (Is the preferred option achievable?)

- Governance and Assurance
- Delivery Organisation
- Programme/Project Plan
- Risk Summary
- Dependencies

### **Caring Expert Quality**

### **Governance and Assurance**

#### NHS Blood and Transplant Board of Directors

#### NHS Blood and Transplant Executive Team

#### Data Centre Critical Infrastructure Programme Board

Sets the Programme Scope the Strategic Case

Agrees the funding how the delivery will be paid for SRO: Wendy Clark, CDIO Andrew O'Connor, Accountable Executive Dean Neill, Director Blood Rob Bradburn, Chief Financial Officer Adrian Chandler, Procurement Mark Whelan, Quality Katherine Sowden, Programme Assurance Ian Britton, Specialist Services Dave Lockett, IT Live Services Richard Rackham, Business Continuity

#### Connectivity Project Board

Sets the Solution how the scope will be delivered	Andrew O'Connor, Accountable Executive Will Baker, Live Services Dan Jeffrey, Information Governance and Security Chris Sims, Financial Lead John Molloy, Project Manager Cat Ongers, Portfolio & Programme Manager TBC, Delivery Lead
	Cat Ongers, Portfolio & Programme Manager
	Adrian Chandler – Procurement Lead (during Contract delivery)

#### Connectivity Project Team

Leads and orchestrates the delivery of the solution John Molloy, Programme Manager TBC, Delivery Lead TBC, Networks Lead Operations Engineer, TBC (new resource) Service and Design Lead, TBC (new resource) CSA resource (supporting Vodafone engineers) – TBC Vodafone engineers, Project Manager and support team Ian Roberts – Contracts & Supplier Management Lead

	Direct (down)	Provide (up)	Escalation Triggers (tbc)
Board Executive Team	Goal / Outcomes Strategy Funding Envelope Proactive Audit Schedule		<ul> <li>20% var in total budget;</li> <li>20% var in-year budget</li> <li>+6-mth var in major milestone;</li> <li>Change in Strategy.</li> </ul>
Programme Board	Project Scope Spend Authority Escalation KPI Definition		<ul> <li>10% var in total budget</li> <li>10% var in-year budget</li> <li>3-6mth var in major milestone;</li> <li>Major scope change.</li> </ul>
Project Board	Solution Schedule		<ul> <li>5% var in total budget;</li> <li>5% var in-year budget;</li> <li>1-2 mth var in major milestone;</li> <li>Minor scope change.</li> </ul>
Project Team	Team Direction	Plan KPI Report Problem Escalations	

#### **Assurance Plan**

• Project performance will be tracked through key performance indicators and reported through programme delivery channels

#### **Governance Approach**

- Portfolio, Programme and technology governance groups, formed of internal and third-party resources, working to agreed terms of reference.
- Programme management and reporting aligned to agreed NHSBT standards.

**Blood and Transplant** 

### **The Management Case:**

This project will:

- Secure a new 5-year contract with Vodafone for Connectivity services, based on a like for like approach, whilst ensuring end of life hardware is replaced and bandwidth "hot spots" are remediated.
- Support Vodafone, using a small project team, to ensure least disruption to NHSBT sites during any hardware swap out
- Areas that are covered by the new contract but will not be upgraded during the delivery stage are:
  - Wi-Fi service (the current equipment is in support for 3 years and any replacement will be under a new Business Case but can be procured through the same framework or a competitive tender)
  - Internet circuits
  - Cloud Connect
  - Building cabling
- Contract that allows bandwidth to be added and reduced (with relevant cost reduction) at each NHSBT location and allows for newer technologies to be implemented in year 4 and 5 without incurring cancelation charges.
- The Outline Business Case for this project:
  - Adopts a delivery approach that NHSBT have used successfully before and using lessons learned from the previous project to ensure timescales and costs are in line with the delivery approach.



# Management Case - High-Level Programme Plan

	Q2 2022/23		Q2 2022/23		Q3 2022/23			Q4 2022/23			Q1 2023/24			Q2 2023/2	4		Q3 2023/24	l		Q4 2023/24	
	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March
Business Case	Create this	овс	OBC Appro	vals 💮	Off-Line I	вс															
New Contract				$\sum$	New Con	tract in place															
Capital Orders				<b>1</b> st (£5	00K) Capital C	Drder			2nd (£1	5m) Capital	Order 💮										
Infrastructure Upgrades										$\geq$				Infr	astructure Up	grades					
Closure																				Closure	

## **Management Case - Key RAID Summary**



ID	Туре	Title	Description	Effect	Inherent Risk Score	Mitigation	Residual Risk Score
1	Risk	Resourcing	<ul> <li>NHSBT staff not made available to support the roll out of the new WAN/LAN infrastructure.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Project is delayed whilst securing resources</li> <li>Additional costs incurred recruiting contractors</li> </ul>	High	<ul> <li>Vodafone will be undertaking the infrastructure swap out.</li> <li>Internal resources to be approved via the Project Resource Profile process.</li> <li>Project able to slip without incurring any significant charges/issues.</li> </ul>	Low
2	Risk	Service Outages	Unexpected issues arising during Infrastructure upgrades	Extended Service outages	High	• There will be a staged swap out and the old switch will not be removed until it is confirmed (and validated) that the new switch is working correctly.	Low
3	Risk	Requirements Change	<ul> <li>Changes in baseline network requirements influenced by developing and ongoing Infrastructure and Business requirements</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The FBC is based on data which is no longer fully accurate, which may affect the price or transition plan.</li> </ul>	High	<ul> <li>Contingency for Microsoft Teams has been built- in to this OBC.</li> <li>Other requirements should be funded through relevant Business Cases.</li> </ul>	Medium
4	Risk	Approvals	<ul> <li>Approvals to spend can be given within the required timeframe and funding will be available</li> </ul>	Project would be delayed	Medium	<ul> <li>Savings may no longer be available from Vodafone.</li> <li>Vodafone reserve the right to terminate the network if an agreement is not in place.</li> </ul>	Low
5	Risk	Pricing	<ul> <li>Prices for LAN and WAN hardware are quoted via Cisco and in US Dollars, there is a risk that the exchange rate may affect final pricing when ready to purchase</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Costs could increase depending on the exchange rate at time of placing the order for hardware (following FBC approval). This could affect the overall cost profile of the project.</li> </ul>	High	<ul> <li>Incorporate contingency for this risk within the cost profile for the project.</li> <li>Ensure quote is valid for 60 days prior to FBC submission to allow enough time for governance approvals</li> </ul>	Medium
6	Assumption	Resourcing	<ul> <li>As this project is delivering a mandatory requirement, it is assumed that the project will be able to secure all the BAU resources required due to its high priority.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Should this not be the case, the costs for resources will increase the overall cost of the project.</li> </ul>	High	<ul> <li>Further work will be undertaken between OBC and FBC stage to confirm delivery plan which will assist in determining resource profile required for delivery.</li> </ul>	Medium
7	Assumption	Requirements	This project is a contract renewal on like for like terms. It is therefore assumed the requirements from the initial contract are still relevant and meet the needs of NHSBT	<ul> <li>There may be a requirement to amend these in light of changes over the years of the contract.</li> </ul>	Medium	<ul> <li>A due diligence workshop will be undertaken with Vodafone between OBC and FBC stage to ensure all requirements are noted and met.</li> </ul>	Low

### **Management Case – Key Dependencies**

Description	Impact* (H/M/L)	Impact if not delivered
Outbound: Dependent on this programme – delivering these dependencies will impact this programme's plans**		
None at OBC stage	N/A	N/A
Inbound: This programme is dependent on the following:		
Local Infrastructure Programme Assurance that computer rooms at local sites are tidy and cabled correctly to ensure to reduce risk of engineers removing the wrong cables to disrupting service.	М	Risk of disruption at local site should the wrong cables be removed.

\* Impact on this programme in terms of cost, time and scope L=low, M=medium, H=high

\*\* Delivering these dependencies will have an impact on this programme's time, scope and cost



# **Appendices:**

- Bandwidth "Hot Spots" to be remediated
- Vodafone SLA Adherence



## Appendix 1 Bandwidth "Hot Spots" to be remediated Blood and Transplant





Vodafone has recommended 20 sites for bandwidth upgrade (whether that is a simple port upgrade or full bearer and router upgrade) as they are currently "running hot":

- Basildon
- Beckenham
- Belfast
- Birmingham
- Bradford
- Bristol
- Exeter
- Falkirk
- Horsham
- Hull

- Huntingdon
- Leeds Donor Centre
- Leicester LDC
- Liverpool Speke
- Newcastle
- Oxford
- Poole
- Southampton
- Swindon
- Tooting

The costs for these upgrades has been included within the costs in the OBC, including the ongoing run costs for the 5-year contract term.

The following sites are being upgraded as part of BAU in 22/23, however the ongoing run costs for the upgrade are included in the recurring costs.

- Ashford Team Base
  - Morecombe Team Base
- Park Royal
- Reading

### Vodafone – adherence to SLA

### **NHS** Blood and Transplant

### SLA Availability 21/22

Service Level	SLA/KPI Target	July 21	August	September	October	November	December	January 22	February	March	April	May	June	July
IP-VPN – Cat A	99.99%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
IP-VPN – Cat B	99.95%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
IP-VPN – Cat C	99.80%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
IP-VPN – Cat D	96.60%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100&	100%	100%	100%	96.84%	
STORM (Core Platform Availability)	99.99%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
IP-PBX (Call Managers)	99.97%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
IF-FDA (Call Mallagers)	55.5776	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Lyndon Place (LAN Availability)	99.97%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Cole Valley (LAN Availability)	99.97%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	

### Analysis

- All service levels achieved SLA
- No repeat failures
- STORM and Data Centre availability both operated at 100%

### **Recommendations**

Links to corrective action i.e.

- > CSIP
- Risk Register