



Safe supplies 2020: Progress in a pandemic

Joint working between NHS Blood and Transplant and UK Health Security Agency

Infection in blood donors, UK 2020 (HEV shown separately)

Low number of positive donations due to donor selection



approximately
1 million donors

Donation safety check reduces the
number of recent
infections that screening
might not detect

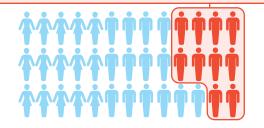


1.7 million donations maintained the supply

174 positive donationsidentified and discarded or1 in 10,000 donations

Recent infection used to monitor current risky sexual behaviour

- 39 recent syphilis probably acquired in the 12 months before donation
- **26** compliant and **3** compliance unknown
- 10 did not comply with the safety check:
 - 6 had been recently treated for syphilis 3 had sex between men within 3 months
 - 1 had both



No recent UK syphilis transfusion transmissions due to storage conditions but syphilis surveillance is useful to monitor current sexual behaviour

- **5** recent viral infections probably acquired in the 12 months before donation
- 2 hepatitis B, 2 hepatitis C and 1 HIV
- **2** females did not comply with the safety check, as they did not declare they had higher risk partners





Safety maintained and changes to donor selection agreed



These low numbers are similar to 2019 and maintain a current low chance of releasing an HBV, HCV or HIV infectious donation of less than 1 in 1 million

To maintain safety, donors need to be encouraged to report past infection and think about current sexual activities before giving blood





Ministers agreed to change to a more individualised blood donor selection policy, implemented in 2021