

Antigen

Product Code



International Blood Group **Reference Laboratory**

500 North Bristol Park

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Bristol **BS34 7QH**

Blood Group Lutheran (Lu) / CD239

Clone **BRIC 224**

> **Protein Development** and Production Unit

Immunoglobulin Class Mouse IgG1, kappa light chain

9427

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Antigen Description and Distribution

The Lutheran (Lu) blood group is also known as B-cell adhesion molecule (B-CAM), Auberger blood group and CD239. The antigens of the Lu blood group system are carried on two red cell membrane glycoproteins of Mr 85 and 78 kDa^{1,2,3}. The antigens are of low abundance on red cells (1600 - 4000 sites/cell⁴) and are destroyed by disulphide bond reduction. The mature protein is predicted to be a type I membrane protein of 597 amino acids with five potential Nglycosylation sites. There are five disulphide-bonded, extracellular, immunoglobulin superfamily (IgSF) domains (two variable-region and three constant-region), a single hydrophobic, membrane spanning domain, and a cytoplasmic domain of 59 residues. The extracellular and cytoplasmic regions contain consensus motifs for the binding of integrin and Src homology domains respectively, suggesting possible receptor and signal-transduction function. Monoclonal antibodies against Lu, including BRIC 108, showed extensive reactivity with a range of human tissues and the glycoprotein could be under developmental control in human liver⁵. Lu is a specific adhesion receptor for the extracellular matrix protein human laminin 10/11⁶.

Clone

BRIC 224 was made in response to erythrocytes⁷. BRIC 224 agglutinated normal erythrocytes but not erythrocytes lacking Lutheran blood group antigens. It reacts with a non-polymorphic determinant present on both the 85 and 78 kDa Lu glycoproteins by immunoblotting of erythrocyte membranes under non-reducing conditions. Of the five predicted IgSF domains, BRIC 108 and BRIC 224 epitopes are mapped to the N-terminal domain 1 and BRIC 221 epitope is mapped to domain 48.

References

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