

NHS Fife

Taking Organ Transplantation to 2020, 1 April 2019 - 31 March 2020

In 2019/20, from 14 authorised donors the Board facilitated 9 actual solid organ donors resulting in 18 patients receiving a life-saving or life-changing transplant. Data obtained from the UK Transplant Registry.

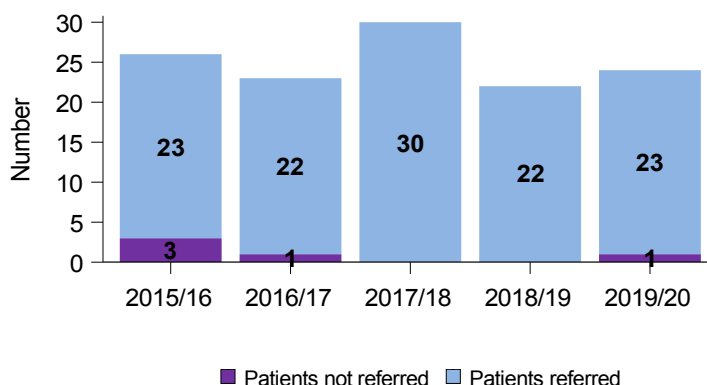
In addition to the 9 proceeding donors there were 5 authorised donors that did not proceed.

Best quality of care in organ donation, 1 April 2019 - 29 February 2020*

Referral of potential deceased organ donors

Goal: Every patient who meets the referral criteria should be identified and referred to NHS Blood and Transplant's Organ Donation Service

Aim: There should be no purple on the chart

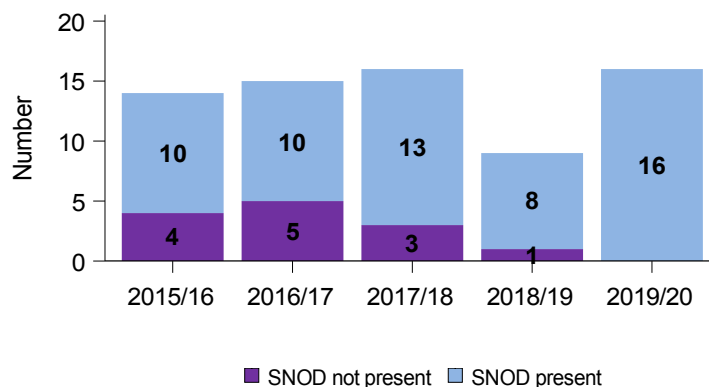


The Board referred 23 potential organ donors during 2019/20. There was 1 occasion where a potential organ donor was not referred.

Presence of Specialist Nurse for Organ Donation

Goal: A Specialist Nurse for Organ Donation (SNOD) should be present during every organ donation discussion with families

Aim: There should be no purple on the chart



A SNOD was present for 16 organ donation discussions with families during 2019/20. There were no occasions where a SNOD was not present.

Why it matters

- If suitable patients are not referred, the patient's decision to be an organ donor is not honoured or the family does not get the chance to support organ donation.
- The authorisation rate in the UK is much higher when a SNOD is present.
- The number of patients receiving a life-saving or life-changing solid organ transplant in the UK is increasing but patients are still dying while waiting.

Regional donors, transplants, waiting list, and NHS Organ Donor Register (ODR) data

	Scotland*	UK
1 April 2019 - 31 March 2020		
Deceased donors	109	1,582
Transplants from deceased donors	306	3,749
Deaths on the transplant list	36	394
As at 29 February 2020		
Active transplant list	561	6,138
Number of NHS ODR opt-in registrations (% registered)**	2,689,960 (50%)	25,980,113 (40%)

*Regions have been defined as per former Strategic Health Authorities

** % registered based on population of 5.37 million, based on ONS 2011 census data

Further information

Further information on potential donors after brain death (DBD) and potential donors after circulatory death (DCD) at the Board are shown below, including a UK comparison. Data obtained from the Potential Donor Audit (PDA).

	DBD		DCD		Deceased donors	
	Board	UK	Board	UK	Board	UK
Patients meeting organ donation referral criteria ¹	6	1845	18	5676	24	7324
Referred to Organ Donation Service	6	1828	17	5235	23	6876
<i>Referral rate %</i>		99%		92%		94%
Neurological death tested	6	1615				
<i>Testing rate %</i>		88%				
Eligible donors ²	6	1542	16	3985	22	5527
Family approached	6	1368	10	1712	16	3080
Family approached and SNOD present	6	1315	10	1528	16	2843
<i>% of approaches where SNOD present</i>		96%		89%		92%
Authorisation ascertained	5	983	8	1099	13	2082
<i>Authorisation rate %</i>		72%		64%		68%
Actual donors (PDA data)	4	876	5	598	9	1475
<i>% of authorised donors that became actual donors</i>		89%		54%		71%

¹ DBD - A patient with suspected neurological death
DCD - A patient in whom imminent death is anticipated, ie a patient receiving assisted ventilation, a clinical decision to withdraw treatment has been made and death is anticipated within 4 hours

² DBD - Death confirmed by neurological tests and no absolute contraindications to solid organ donation
DCD - Imminent death anticipated and treatment withdrawn with no absolute contraindications to solid organ donation

Note that a patient that meets both the referral criteria for DBD and DCD organ donation is featured in both the DBD and DCD data but will only be counted once in the deceased donors total

For further information, including definitions, see the latest Potential Donor Audit report at www.odt.nhs.uk/statistics-and-reports/potential-donor-audit/

*Quality of care data relating to organ donation has been restricted to exclude the period most significantly impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. Data presented include activity from 1 April 2019 to 29 February 2020.