

Yeovil District Hospital NHS Foundation Trust

Taking Organ Transplantation to 2020

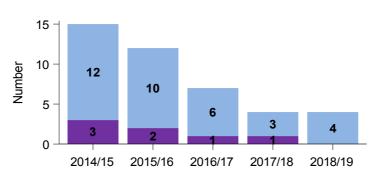
Yeovil District Hospital NHS Foundation Trust had one consented donor during this time period and this patient did proceed to be an actual solid organ donor resulting in one patient receiving a life-saving or life-changing transplant. Data obtained from the UK Transplant Registry.

Best quality of care in organ donation

Referral of potential deceased organ donors

Goal: Every patient who meets the referral criteria should be identified and referred to NHS Blood and Transplant's Organ Donation Service

Aim: There should be no purple on the chart





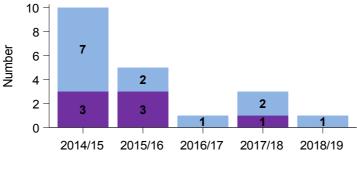
The Trust referred 4 potential organ donors during 2018/19. There were no occasions where potential organ donors were not referred.



Presence of Specialist Nurse for Organ Donation

Goal: A Specialist Nurse for Organ Donation (SNOD) should be present during every organ donation discussion with families

Aim: There should be no purple on the chart



SNOD not present SNOD present

A SNOD was present for 1 organ donation discussion with a family during 2018/19. There were no occasions where a SNOD was not present.

Why it matters

• If suitable patients are not referred, the patient's decision to be an organ donor is not honoured or the family does not get the chance to support organ donation.

• The consent rate in the UK is much higher when a SNOD is present.

• The number of patients receiving a life-saving or life-changing solid organ transplant in the UK is increasing but patients are still dying while waiting.

Regional donors, transplants, waiting list, and NHS Organ Donor Register (ODR) data						
	South West*	UK				
1 April 2018 - 31 March 2019						
Deceased donors	124	1,600				
Transplants from deceased donors	317	3,943				
Deaths on the transplant list	26	403				
As at 31 March 2019						
Active transplant list	418	6,083				
Number of NHS ODR opt-in registrations (% registered)**	2,681,510 (49%)	26,496,220 (41%)				
*Regions have been defined as per former Strategic Health Authoritie ** % registered based on population of 5.47 million, based on ONS 2						



Further information

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Further information on potential donors after brain death (DBD) and potential donors after circulatory death (DCD) at the Trust are shown below, including a UK comparison. Data obtained from the Potential Donor Audit (PDA).

	DE	DBD		D	Deceased do	d donors
	Trust	UK	Trust	UK	Trust	UK
Patients meeting organ donation referral criteria ¹	2	2004	3	5974	4	7728
Referred to Organ Donation Service	2	1982	3	5539	4	7287
Referral rate %		99%		93%		94%
Neurological death tested	1	1715				
Testing rate %		86%				
Eligible donors ²	1	1635	3	4180	4	5815
Family approached	1	1493	0	1752	1	3245
Family approached and SNOD present	1	1423	0	1527	1	2950
% of approaches where SNOD present		95%		87%		91%
Consent ascertained	1	1082	0	1099	1	2181
Consent rate %		72%		63%		67%
Actual donors (PDA data)	1	970	0	612	1	1582
% of consented donors that became actual donors		90%		56%		73%
DBD - A patient with suspected neurological death DCD - A patient in whom imminent death is anticipativity withdraw treatment has been made and death is an DBD - Death confirmed by neurological tests and no	ticipated within	4 hours				sion to

For further information, including definitions, see the latest Potential Donor Audit report at www.odt.nhs.uk/statistics-and-reports/potential-donor-audit/