

# **Hywel Dda University Health Board**

#### Taking Organ Transplantation to 2020

In 2018/19, from 8 consented donors the Health Board facilitated 7 actual solid organ donors resulting in 9 patients receiving a life-saving or life-changing transplant. Data obtained from the UK Transplant Registry.

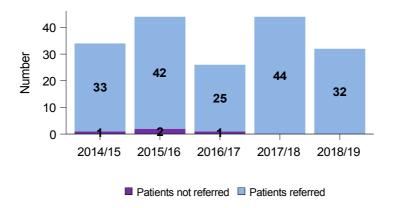
In addition to the 7 proceeding donors there was one consented donor that did not proceed.

## Best quality of care in organ donation

#### Referral of potential deceased organ donors

Goal: Every patient who meets the referral criteria should be identified and referred to NHS Blood and Transplant's Organ Donation Service

Aim: There should be no purple on the chart



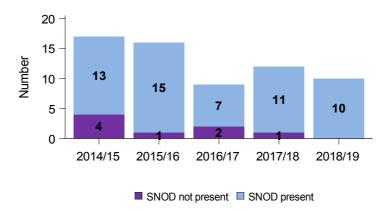
The Health Board referred 32 potential organ donors during 2018/19. There were no occasions where potential organ donors were not referred.



## **Presence of Specialist Nurse for Organ Donation**

Goal: A Specialist Nurse for Organ Donation (SNOD) should be present during every organ donation discussion with families

Aim: There should be no purple on the chart



A SNOD was present for 10 organ donation discussions with families during 2018/19. There were no occasions where a SNOD was not present.

# Why it matters

- If suitable patients are not referred, the patient's decision to be an organ donor is not honoured or the family does not get the chance to support organ donation.
- The consent rate in the UK is much higher when a SNOD is present.
- The number of patients receiving a life-saving or life-changing solid organ transplant in the UK is increasing but patients are still dying while waiting.

	Wales*	UK	
1 April 2018 - 31 March 2019			
Deceased donors	87	1,600	
Transplants from deceased donors	171	3,943	
Deaths on the transplant list	25	403	
As at 31 March 2019			
Active transplant list	223	6,083	
Number of NHS ODR opt-in registrations (% registered)**	1,298,651 (42%)	26,496,220 (41%)	



#### **Further information**

Further information on potential donors after brain death (DBD) and potential donors after circulatory death (DCD) at the Health Board are shown below, including a UK comparison. Data obtained from the Potential Donor Audit (PDA).

#### Key numbers comparison with UK data, 1 April 2018 - 31 March 2019

	DBD H.		DCD H.		Deceased donors H.	
	Board	UK	Board	UK	Board	UK
Patients meeting organ donation referral criteria <sup>1</sup>	5	2004	27	5974	32	7728
Referred to Organ Donation Service	5	1982	27	5539	32	7287
Referral rate %		99%		93%		94%
Neurological death tested	5	1715				
Testing rate %		86%				
Eligible donors <sup>2</sup>	5	1635	24	4180	29	5815
Family approached	5	1493	5	1752	10	3245
Family approached and SNOD present	5	1423	5	1527	10	2950
% of approaches where SNOD present		95%		87%		91%
Consent ascertained	5	1082	4	1099	9	2181
Consent rate %		72%		63%		67%
Actual donors (PDA data)	4	970	3	612	7	1582
% of consented donors that became actual donors		90%		56%		73%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> DBD - A patient with suspected neurological death

Note that a patient that meets both the referral criteria for DBD and DCD organ donation is featured in both the DBD and DCD data but will only be counted once in the deceased donors total

For further information, including definitions, see the latest Potential Donor Audit report at www.odt.nhs.uk/statistics-and-reports/potential-donor-audit/

DCD - A patient in whom imminent death is anticipated, ie a patient receiving assisted ventilation, a clinical decision to withdraw treatment has been made and death is anticipated within 4 hours

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> DBD - Death confirmed by neurological tests and no absolute contraindications to solid organ donation

DCD - Imminent death anticipated and treatment withdrawn with no absolute contraindications to solid organ donation