

Cwm Taf Morgannwg University Health Board

Taking Organ Transplantation to 2020

In 2018/19, from 9 consented donors the Health Board facilitated 5 actual solid organ donors resulting in 9 patients receiving a life-saving or life-changing transplant. Data obtained from the UK Transplant Registry.

In addition to the 5 proceeding donors there were 4 consented donors that did not proceed.

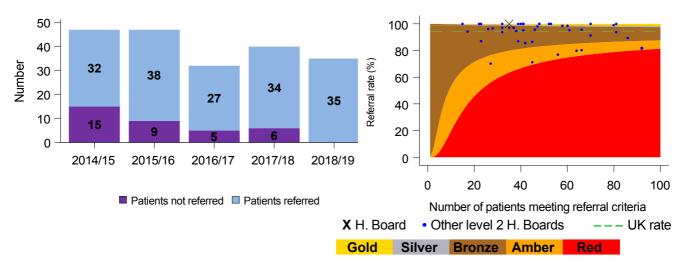
Best quality of care in organ donation

Referral of potential deceased organ donors

Goal: Every patient who meets the referral criteria should be identified and referred to NHS Blood and Transplant's Organ Donation Service

Aim: There should be no purple on the chart

Aim: The Health Board (marked with a cross) should fall within Bronze, Silver, or Gold



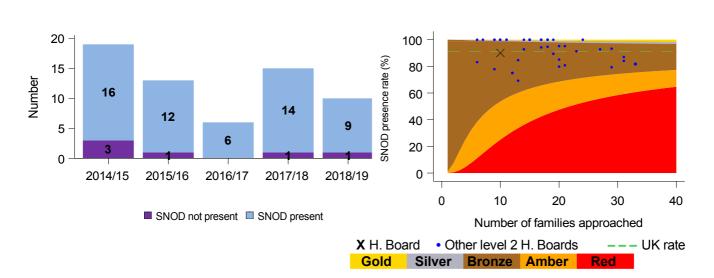
The Health Board referred 35 potential organ donors during 2018/19. There were no occasions where potential organ donors were not referred.

When compared with UK performance, the Health Board was exceptional (gold) for referral of potential organ donors to NHS Blood and Transplant.



Presence of Specialist Nurse for Organ Donation

Goal: A Specialist Nurse for Organ Donation (SNOD) should be present during every organ donation discussion with families



Aim: There should be no purple on the chart

Aim: The Health Board (marked with a cross) should fall within Bronze, Silver, or Gold

A SNOD was present for 9 organ donation discussions with families during 2018/19. There was 1 occasion where a SNOD was not present.

When compared with UK performance, the Health Board was average (bronze) for SNOD presence when approaching families to discuss organ donation.

Why it matters

• If suitable patients are not referred, the patient's decision to be an organ donor is not honoured or the family does not get the chance to support organ donation.

- The consent rate in the UK is much higher when a SNOD is present.
- The number of patients receiving a life-saving or life-changing solid organ transplant in the UK is increasing but patients are still dying while waiting.

	Wales*	UK						
April 2018 - 31 March 2019								
Deceased donors	87	1,600						
ransplants from deceased donors	171	3,943						
Deaths on the transplant list	25	403						
As at 31 March 2019								
Active transplant list	223	6,083						
lumber of NHS ODR opt-in registrations (% registered)**	1,298,651 (42%)	26,496,220 (41%)						



Further information

Further information on potential donors after brain death (DBD) and potential donors after circulatory death (DCD) at the Health Board are shown below, including a UK comparison. Data obtained from the Potential Donor Audit (PDA).

		DBD			DCD			Deceased donors		
	Н.	Board	UK	H. Board	UK	H. Board				
Patients meeting organ donation referral criteria ¹		4	2004	31		5974	35		7728	
Referred to Organ Donation Service	_	4	1982		31	5539		35	7287	
Referral rate %	G	100%	99%	G	100%	93%	G	100%	94%	
Neurological death tested		3	1715							
Testing rate %	В	75%	86%							
Eligible donors ²		3	1635		26	4180		29	5815	
Family approached		3	1493		7	1752		10	3245	
Family approached and SNOD present		3	1423		6	1527		9	2950	
% of approaches where SNOD present	G	100%	95%	В	86%	87%	В	90%	91%	
Consent ascertained		2	1082		6	1099		8	2181	
Consent rate %	В	67%	72%	В	86%	63%	В	80%	67%	
Actual donors (PDA data)		2	970		3	612		5	1582	
% of consented donors that became actual donors		100%	90%		50%	56%		63%	73%	
¹ DBD - A patient with suspected neurological death DCD - A patient in whom imminent death is anticip withdraw treatment has been made and death is a				assiste	ed ventila	tion, a cli	nical d	lecision to)	
² DBD - Death confirmed by neurological tests and r						donation o solid or		anation		

Gold Silver Bronze Amber Red

For further information, including definitions, see the latest Potential Donor Audit report at www.odt.nhs.uk/statistics-and-reports/potential-donor-audit/