

NHS Grampian

Taking Organ Transplantation to 2020

In 2018/19, from 20 authorised donors the Board facilitated 12 actual solid organ donors resulting in 25 patients receiving a life-saving or life-changing transplant. Data obtained from the UK Transplant Registry.

In addition to the 12 proceeding donors there were 8 authorised donors that did not proceed.

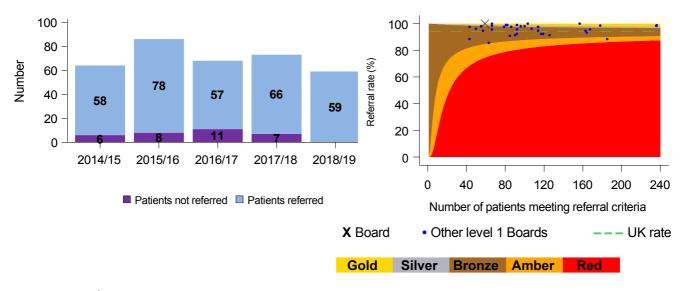
Best quality of care in organ donation

Referral of potential deceased organ donors

Goal: Every patient who meets the referral criteria should be identified and referred to NHS Blood and Transplant's Organ Donation Service

Aim: There should be no purple on the chart

Aim: The Board (marked with a cross) should fall within Bronze, Silver, or Gold



The Board referred 59 potential organ donors during 2018/19. There were no occasions where potential organ donors were not referred.

When compared with UK performance, the Board was exceptional (gold) for referral of potential organ donors to NHS Blood and Transplant.

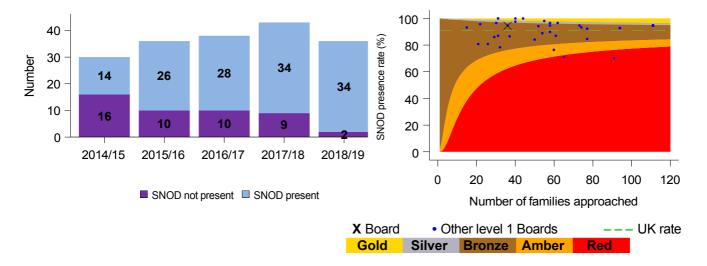


Presence of Specialist Nurse for Organ Donation

Goal: A Specialist Nurse for Organ Donation (SNOD) should be present during every organ donation discussion with families

Aim: There should be no purple on the chart

Aim: The Board (marked with a cross) should fall within Bronze, Silver, or Gold



A SNOD was present for 34 organ donation discussions with families during 2018/19. There were 2 occasions where a SNOD was not present.

When compared with UK performance, the Board was average (bronze) for SNOD presence when approaching families to discuss organ donation.

Why it matters

- If suitable patients are not referred, the patient's decision to be an organ donor is not honoured or the family does not get the chance to support organ donation.
- The authorisation rate in the UK is much higher when a SNOD is present.
- The number of patients receiving a life-saving or life-changing solid organ transplant in the UK is increasing but patients are still dying while waiting.

Regional donors, transplants, waiting list, and NHS Organ Donor Register (ODR) data									
	Scotland*	UK							
1 April 2018 - 31 March 2019									
Deceased donors	98	1,600							
Transplants from deceased donors	332	3,943							
Deaths on the transplant list	44	403							
As at 31 March 2019									
Active transplant list	581	6,083							
Number of NHS ODR opt-in registrations (% registered)**	2,837,904 (53%)	26,496,220 (41%)							
*Regions have been defined as per former Strategic Health Authoritie ** % registered based on population of 5.37 million, based on ONS 2									



Further information

Further information on potential donors after brain death (DBD) and potential donors after circulatory death (DCD) at the Board are shown below, including a UK comparison. Data obtained from the Potential Donor Audit (PDA).

Patients meeting organ donation referral criteria¹	DBD			DCD			Deceased donors		
	Board 14		UK 2004	Board 45		UK 5974	Board 59		UK 7728
Referral rate %	G	100%	99%	G	100%	93%	G	100%	94%
Neurological death tested		14	1715						
Festing rate %	G	100%	86%						
Eligible donors²		13	1635		41	4180		54	581
Family approached		13	1493		23	1752		36	324
Family approached and SNOD present		13	1423		21	1527		34	295
% of approaches where SNOD present	G	100%	95%	В	91%	87%	В	94%	91%
Authorisation ascertained		8	1082		13	1099		21	218
Authorisation rate %	В	62%	72%	В	57%	63%	В	58%	67%
Actual donors (PDA data)		7	970		5	612		12	158
% of authorised donors that became actual donors		88%	90%		38%	56%		57%	73%
DBD - A patient with suspected neurological death DCD - A patient in whom imminent death is anticipated, withdraw treatment has been made and death is anticipated.				assiste	ed ventila	tion, a clii	nical d	lecision to)

Gold Silver Bronze Amber Red

For further information, including definitions, see the latest Potential Donor Audit report at www.odt.nhs.uk/statistics-and-reports/potential-donor-audit/