

# **NHS Ayrshire and Arran**

#### Taking Organ Transplantation to 2020

In 2018/19, from 5 authorised donors the Board facilitated 4 actual solid organ donors resulting in 11 patients receiving a life-saving or life-changing transplant. Data obtained from the UK Transplant Registry.

In addition to the 4 proceeding donors there was one authorised donor that did not proceed.

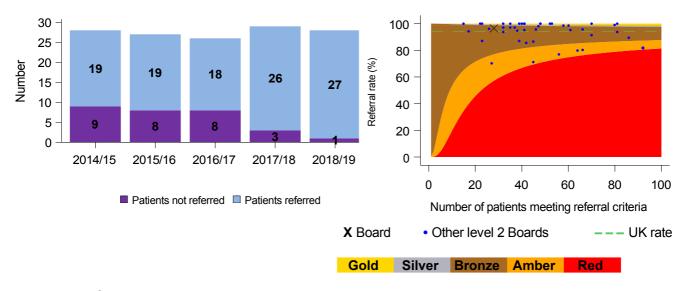
### Best quality of care in organ donation

#### Referral of potential deceased organ donors

Goal: Every patient who meets the referral criteria should be identified and referred to NHS Blood and Transplant's Organ Donation Service

Aim: There should be no purple on the chart

Aim: The Board (marked with a cross) should fall within Bronze, Silver, or Gold



The Board referred 27 potential organ donors during 2018/19. There was 1 occasion where a potential organ donor was not referred.

When compared with UK performance, the Board was average (bronze) for referral of potential organ donors to NHS Blood and Transplant.

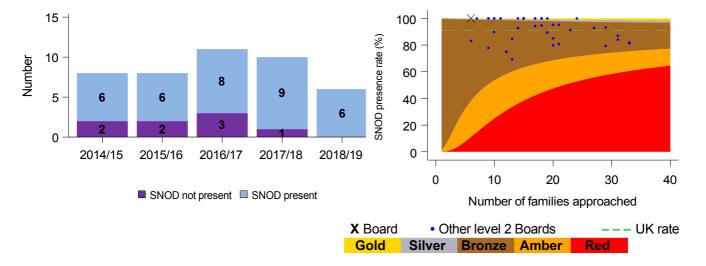


#### **Presence of Specialist Nurse for Organ Donation**

Goal: A Specialist Nurse for Organ Donation (SNOD) should be present during every organ donation discussion with families

Aim: There should be no purple on the chart

Aim: The Board (marked with a cross) should fall within Bronze, Silver, or Gold



A SNOD was present for 6 organ donation discussions with families during 2018/19. There were no occasions where a SNOD was not present.

When compared with UK performance, the Board was exceptional (gold) for SNOD presence when approaching families to discuss organ donation.

## Why it matters

- If suitable patients are not referred, the patient's decision to be an organ donor is not honoured or the family does not get the chance to support organ donation.
- The authorisation rate in the UK is much higher when a SNOD is present.
- The number of patients receiving a life-saving or life-changing solid organ transplant in the UK is increasing but patients are still dying while waiting.

Regional donors, transplants, waiting list, and NHS Organ Donor Register (ODR) data								
	Scotland*	UK						
1 April 2018 - 31 March 2019								
Deceased donors	98	1,600						
Transplants from deceased donors	332	3,943						
Deaths on the transplant list	44	403						
As at 31 March 2019								
Active transplant list	581	6,083						
Number of NHS ODR opt-in registrations (% registered)**	2,837,904 (53%)	26,496,220 (41%)						
*Regions have been defined as per former Strategic Health Authorities** % registered based on population of 5.37 million, based on ONS 2								



## **Further information**

Further information on potential donors after brain death (DBD) and potential donors after circulatory death (DCD) at the Board are shown below, including a UK comparison. Data obtained from the Potential Donor Audit (PDA).

Patients meeting organ donation referral criteria¹	DBD			DCD			Deceased donors		
	Board		UK	Board		UK	Board		UK
		3	2004		25	5974		28	7728
eferred to Organ Donation Service		3	1982		24	5539		27	7287
eferral rate %	G	100%	99%	В	96%	93%	В	96%	94%
eurological death tested		3	1715						
esting rate %	G	100%	86%						
ligible donors <sup>2</sup>		3	1635		25	4180		28	581
amily approached		3	1493		3	1752		6	324
amily approached and SNOD present		3	1423		3	1527		6	295
6 of approaches where SNOD present	G	100%	95%	G	100%	87%	G	100%	91%
uthorisation ascertained		3	1082		2	1099		5	218
uthorisation rate %	G	100%	72%	В	67%	63%	В	83%	67%
ctual donors (PDA data)		3	970		1	612		4	158
6 of authorised donors that became actual donors		100%	90%		50%	56%		80%	73%
DBD - A patient with suspected neurological death DCD - A patient in whom imminent death is anticipated withdraw treatment has been made and death is anticipated.				assiste	ed ventilat	ion, a clii	nical d	decision to	)

Gold Silver Bronze Amber Red

For further information, including definitions, see the latest Potential Donor Audit report at www.odt.nhs.uk/statistics-and-reports/potential-donor-audit/