

NHS Lothian

Taking Organ Transplantation to 2020

In 2018/19, from 30 authorised donors the Board facilitated 20 actual solid organ donors resulting in 53 patients receiving a life-saving or life-changing transplant. Data obtained from the UK Transplant Registry.

In addition to the 20 proceeding donors there were 10 authorised donors that did not proceed.

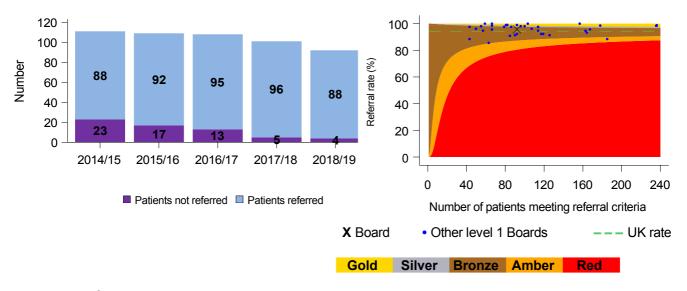
Best quality of care in organ donation

Referral of potential deceased organ donors

Goal: Every patient who meets the referral criteria should be identified and referred to NHS Blood and Transplant's Organ Donation Service

Aim: There should be no purple on the chart

Aim: The Board (marked with a cross) should fall within Bronze, Silver, or Gold



The Board referred 88 potential organ donors during 2018/19. There were 4 occasions where potential organ donors were not referred.

When compared with UK performance, the Board was average (bronze) for referral of potential organ donors to NHS Blood and Transplant.

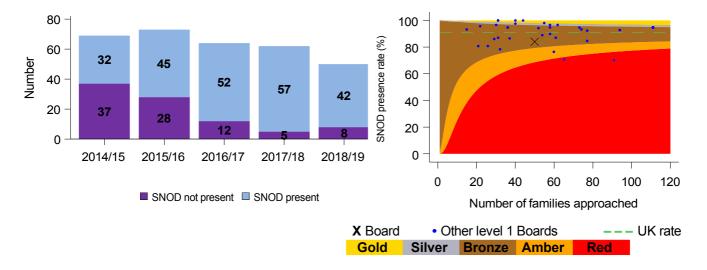


Presence of Specialist Nurse for Organ Donation

Goal: A Specialist Nurse for Organ Donation (SNOD) should be present during every organ donation discussion with families

Aim: There should be no purple on the chart

Aim: The Board (marked with a cross) should fall within Bronze, Silver, or Gold



A SNOD was present for 42 organ donation discussions with families during 2018/19. There were 8 occasions where a SNOD was not present.

When compared with UK performance, the Board was average (bronze) for SNOD presence when approaching families to discuss organ donation.

Why it matters

- If suitable patients are not referred, the patient's decision to be an organ donor is not honoured or the family does not get the chance to support organ donation.
- The authorisation rate in the UK is much higher when a SNOD is present.
- The number of patients receiving a life-saving or life-changing solid organ transplant in the UK is increasing but patients are still dying while waiting.

Regional donors, transplants, waiting list, and NHS Organ Donor Register (ODR) data									
	Scotland*	UK							
1 April 2018 - 31 March 2019									
Deceased donors	98	1,600							
Transplants from deceased donors	332	3,943							
Deaths on the transplant list	44	403							
As at 31 March 2019									
Active transplant list	581	6,083							
Number of NHS ODR opt-in registrations (% registered)**	2,837,904 (53%)	26,496,220 (41%)							
*Regions have been defined as per former Strategic Health Authoritie ** % registered based on population of 5.37 million, based on ONS 2									



Further information

Further information on potential donors after brain death (DBD) and potential donors after circulatory death (DCD) at the Board are shown below, including a UK comparison. Data obtained from the Potential Donor Audit (PDA).

		DBD			DCD			Deceased donors		
Patients meeting organ donation referral criteria¹	В	Board	UK	Board		UK	Board		UK	
		25	2004		67	5974		92	7728	
Referred to Organ Donation Service		25	1982		63	5539		88	7287	
Referral rate %	G	100%	99%	В	94%	93%	В	96%	94%	
leurological death tested		25	1715							
esting rate %	G	100%	86%							
Eligible donors ²		24	1635		57	4180		81	581	
amily approached		21	1493		29	1752		50	324	
amily approached and SNOD present		20	1423		22	1527		42	2950	
6 of approaches where SNOD present	В	95%	95%	В	76%	87%	В	84%	91%	
authorisation ascertained		17	1082		14	1099		31	218	
Authorisation rate %	В	81%	72%	В	48%	63%	В	62%	67%	
actual donors (PDA data)		17	970		3	612		20	1582	
6 of authorised donors that became actual donors		100%	90%		21%	56%		65%	73%	
DBD - A patient with suspected neurological death DCD - A patient in whom imminent death is anticipate withdraw treatment has been made and death is antic				assiste	ed ventilat	tion, a clii	nical d	ecision to)	

Gold Silver Bronze Amber Red

For further information, including definitions, see the latest Potential Donor Audit report at www.odt.nhs.uk/statistics-and-reports/potential-donor-audit/