

# **Western Health and Social Care Trust**

## **Taking Organ Transplantation to 2020**

In 2017/18, from 11 consented donors the Trust facilitated 7 actual solid organ donors resulting in 20 patients receiving a life-saving or life-changing transplant.

In addition to the 7 proceeding donors there were 4 additional consented donors that did not proceed.

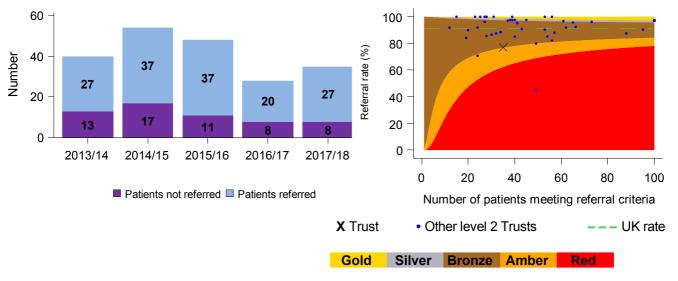
# Best quality of care in organ donation

#### Referral of potential deceased organ donors

Goal: Every patient who meets the referral criteria should be identified and referred to NHS Blood and Transplant's Organ Donation Service

Aim: There should be no purple on the chart

Aim: The Trust (marked with a cross) should fall within Bronze, Silver, or Gold



The Trust referred 27 potential organ donors during 2017/18. There were 8 occasions where potential organ donors were not referred.

When compared with UK performance, the Trust was average (bronze) for referral of potential organ donors to NHS Blood and Transplant.

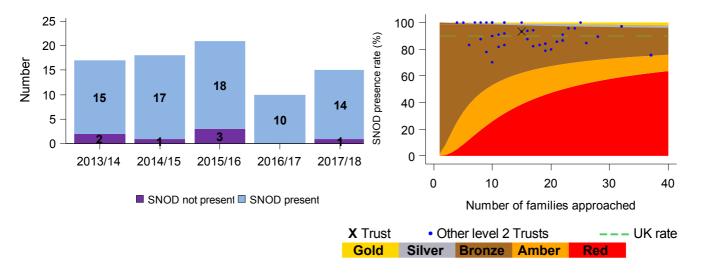


### **Presence of Specialist Nurse for Organ Donation**

Goal: A Specialist Nurse for Organ Donation (SNOD) should be present during every organ donation discussion with families

Aim: There should be no purple on the chart

Aim: The Trust (marked with a cross) should fall within Bronze, Silver, or Gold



A SNOD was present for 14 organ donation discussions with families during 2017/18. There was 1 occasion where a SNOD was not present.

When compared with UK performance, the Trust was average (bronze) for SNOD presence when approaching families to discuss organ donation.

## Why it matters

- If suitable patients are not referred, the patient's decision to be an organ donor is not honoured or the family does not get the chance to support organ donation.
- The consent rate in the UK is much higher when a SNOD is present.
- The number of patients receiving a life-saving or life-changing solid organ transplant in the UK is increasing but patients are still dying while waiting.

	Northern Ireland*	UK	
1 April 2017 - 31 March 2018			
Deceased donors	40	1,574	
Transplants from deceased donors	115	4,012	
Deaths on the transplant list	15	426	
As at 31 March 2018			
Active transplant list	137	6,045	
Number of NHS ODR opt-in registrations (% registered)**	803,760 (43%)	24,941,804 (38%)	



## **Further information**

Further information on potential donors after brain death (DBD) and potential donors after circulatory death (DCD) at the Trust are shown below, including a UK comparison.

	DBD		DCD		)	Deceased donors		
	Trust	UK	Т	rust	UK	Т	rust	UK
Patients meeting organ donation referral criteria1	15	1954		24	6281		35	7978
Referred to Organ Donation Service	14	1929		16	5615		27	7302
Referral rate %	<b>B</b> 93%	99%	A	67%	89%	В	77%	92%
leurological death tested	10	1676						
Festing rate %	<b>B</b> 67%	86%						
Eligible donors <sup>2</sup>	9	1582		15	4456		24	6038
family approached	9	1471		6	1858		15	3329
amily approached and SNOD present	8	1394		6	1591		14	298
% of approaches where SNOD present	<b>B</b> 89%	95%	G	100%	86%	В	93%	90%
Consent ascertained	7	1066		4	1115		11	218
Consent rate %	<b>B</b> 78%	72%	В	67%	60%	В	73%	66%
.ctual donors (PDA data)	6	955		1	613		7	1568
6 of consented donors that became actual donors	86%	90%		25%	55%		64%	72%
DBD - A patient with suspected neurological death DCD - A patient in whom imminent death is anticipated, withdraw treatment has been made and death is anticipated.  DBD - Death confirmed by neurological tests and no abs	ited within 4 solute contrain	hours ndications	to soli	id organ	donation			)

Gold Silver Bronze Amber Red

For further information, including definitions, see the latest Potential Donor Audit report at www.odt.nhs.uk/statistics-and-reports/potential-donor-audit/