

Mid Essex Hospital Services NHS Trust

Taking Organ Transplantation to 2020

In 2017/18, from 8 consented donors the Trust facilitated 7 actual solid organ donors resulting in 23 patients receiving a life-saving or life-changing transplant.

In addition to the 7 proceeding donors there was one additional consented donor that did not proceed.

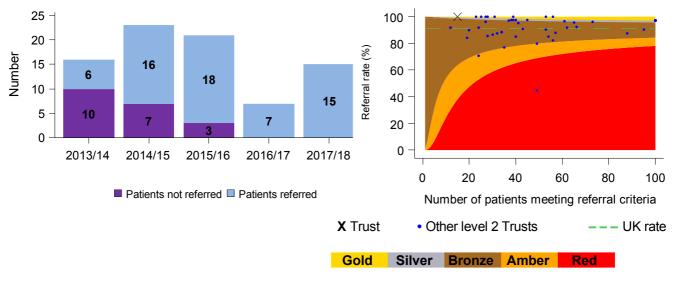
Best quality of care in organ donation

Referral of potential deceased organ donors

Goal: Every patient who meets the referral criteria should be identified and referred to NHS Blood and Transplant's Organ Donation Service

Aim: There should be no purple on the chart

Aim: The Trust (marked with a cross) should fall within Bronze, Silver, or Gold



The Trust referred 15 potential organ donors during 2017/18. There were no occasions where potential organ donors were not referred.

When compared with UK performance, the Trust was exceptional (gold) for referral of potential organ donors to NHS Blood and Transplant.

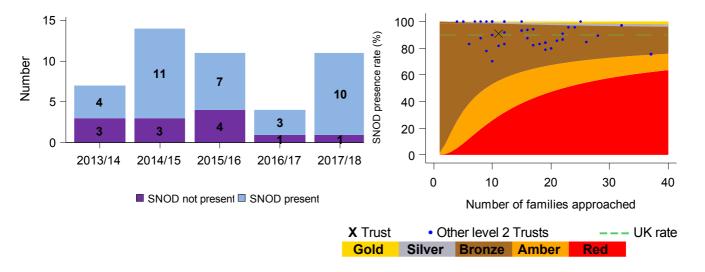


Presence of Specialist Nurse for Organ Donation

Goal: A Specialist Nurse for Organ Donation (SNOD) should be present during every organ donation discussion with families

Aim: There should be no purple on the chart

Aim: The Trust (marked with a cross) should fall within Bronze, Silver, or Gold



A SNOD was present for 10 organ donation discussions with families during 2017/18. There was 1 occasion where a SNOD was not present.

When compared with UK performance, the Trust was average (bronze) for SNOD presence when approaching families to discuss organ donation.

Why it matters

- If suitable patients are not referred, the patient's decision to be an organ donor is not honoured or the family does not get the chance to support organ donation.
- The consent rate in the UK is much higher when a SNOD is present.
- The number of patients receiving a life-saving or life-changing solid organ transplant in the UK is increasing but patients are still dying while waiting.

	East Of England*	UK	
1 April 2017 - 31 March 2018			
Deceased donors	162	1,574	
Transplants from deceased donors	374	4,012	
Deaths on the transplant list	36	426	
As at 31 March 2018			
Active transplant list	457	6,045	
Number of NHS ODR opt-in registrations (% registered)**	2,399,780 (39%)	24,941,804 (38%)	



Further information

Further information on potential donors after brain death (DBD) and potential donors after circulatory death (DCD) at the Trust are shown below, including a UK comparison.

Patients meeting organ donation referral criteria¹	DBD			DCD			Deceased donors		
	7	Γrust	UK	Trust		UK	Trust		UK
		6	1954		9	6281		15	7978
Referred to Organ Donation Service		6	1929		9	5615		15	7302
Referral rate %	G	100%	99%	G	100%	89%	G	100%	92%
leurological death tested		6	1676						
Festing rate %	G	100%	86%						
Eligible donors²		6	1582		7	4456		13	603
ramily approached		6	1471		5	1858		11	332
amily approached and SNOD present		6	1394		4	1591		10	298
6 of approaches where SNOD present	G	100%	95%	В	80%	86%	В	91%	90%
Consent ascertained		6	1066		2	1115		8	218
Consent rate %	G	100%	72%	В	40%	60%	В	73%	66%
Actual donors (PDA data)		6	955		1	613		7	156
% of consented donors that became actual donors		100%	90%		50%	55%		88%	72%
DBD - A patient with suspected neurological death DCD - A patient in whom imminent death is anticipate withdraw treatment has been made and death is antici				assiste	ed ventila	tion, a clii	nical d	lecision to)

Gold Silver Bronze Amber Red

For further information, including definitions, see the latest Potential Donor Audit report at www.odt.nhs.uk/statistics-and-reports/potential-donor-audit/